Creating a State of Health with GIS: Moving Geographic Technology Forward at the Oklahoma State Department of Health

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Topics

- About OSDH
- GIS at OSDH
- Enterprise GIS
- Strategic Planning
- Examples of GIS products



About the Oklahoma State Department of Health



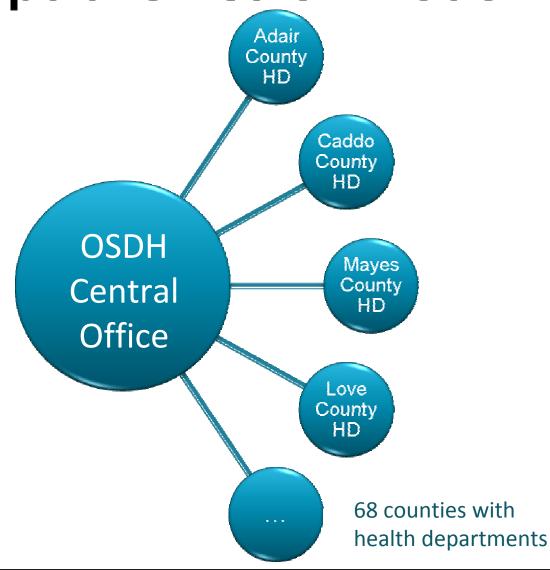
Mission:

To protect and promote the health of the citizens of Oklahoma, to prevent disease and injury, and to assure the conditions by which our citizens can be healthy

Centralized public health model

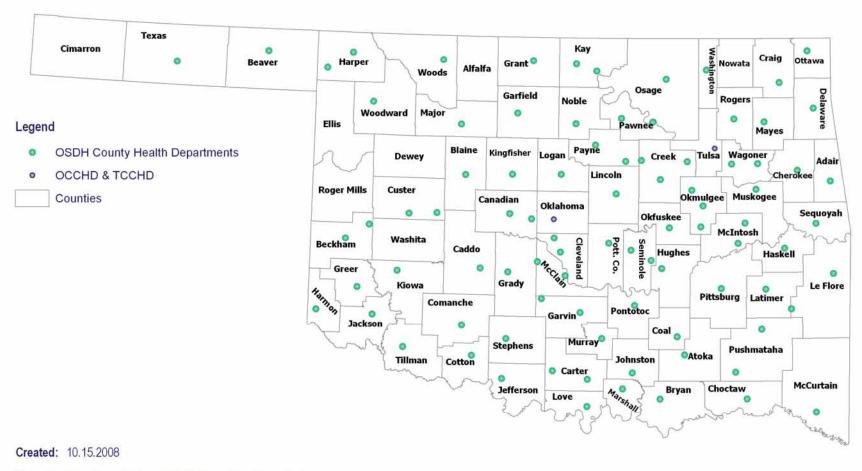








County Health Departments in Oklahoma



Projection/Coordinate System: USGS Albers Equal Area Conic





Disclaimer: This map is a compilation of records, information and data from various city, county and state offices and other sources, affecting the area shown, and is the best representation of the data available at the time. The map and data are to be used for reference purposes only. The user acknowledges and accepts all inherent limitations of the map, including the fact that the data are dynamic and in a constant state of maintenance.



Major divisions at OSDH

Disease & Prevention Services

Community
Health Services

Protective Health Services

Family Health Services Administrative Services

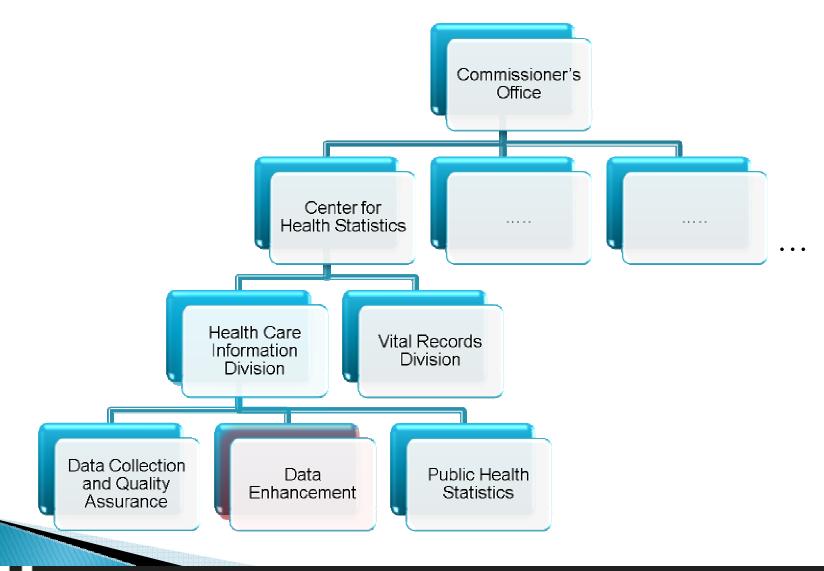
Commissioner's Direct Reports



Geographic Information Systems



Where GIS fits at OSDH



Health Care Information (HCI)

- We dedicate our diverse expertise to collect, analyze and disseminate reliable and timely health care information in order to assess health care service utilization and costs, as well as the overall health status of all Oklahomans.
 - GIS-related values for HCI:
 - Health care information in a variety of formats
 - Involved and informed public



GIS in Health Care Information

- HCI provides data and services to programs for decision support
- GIS as a tool for data enhancement and analysis fits within the HCI mission/values
 - Geocode core datasets held in HCI
 - Births ≈ 50,000
 - Deaths ≈ 35,000
 - Hospital Inpatient/Outpatient Discharges ≈ 800,000
 - Ambulatory Surgery Center Discharges ≈ 200,000
- Centralized GIS staff can provide more services across the agency



Roles of Centralized GIS Staff

- Coordinator:
 - Manage the enterprise system
 - Train agency staff to use GIS
 - Maintain GIS software licenses (maintenance, installation tracking)
 - Monitor software usage, balance users/licenses ratio
 - Guide and coordinate the GIS Advisory Committee
 - Administer the enterprise geodatabase
 - Education and outreach (internal and external)
- Coordinator and Interns/Technician:
 - Develop and maintain geodata
 - Advise and assist agency staff on GIS projects
 - Fulfill mapping requests



Timeline of GIS Use at OSDH

Cancer Registr y 1996

WIC Service 2001 Coordinato r Hired 2006









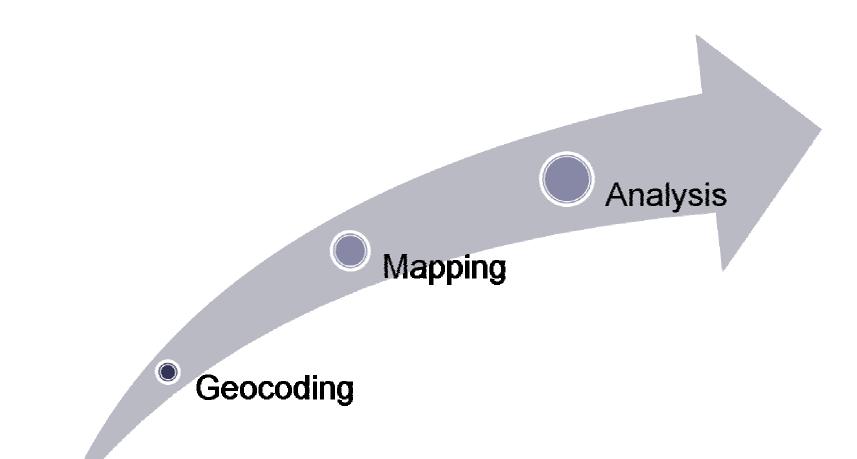




Injury Preventio n Service 1998 Users Group Started 2004 Needs Assessment Completed 2008



Moving GIS Forward





GIS as a tool - Geocoding

- Vital Records
- Hospital Discharge
- Cancer Registry
- Injury Data
- EMS Data
- Health Facilities



GIS as a tool - Mapping

- EMS service areas and stations
- Immunization Coverage
- Health care providers MDs and DOs, clinics
- Program Staff Regions DNMs, ARNP, Admin (IT)
- Health indicators
 - State of the State's Health Report 33 indicators
 - Commissioner's Health Report
 - County Health Profile Report

GIS as a tool - Analysis

- EMS time-based service areas network analysis
- Flow analysis for trauma care
- Access to care
 - Primary care physicians vs. population
 - Prenatal care providers



Enterprise GIS at OSDH



Where we are

Enterprise GIS System Progression

2006

- Hired GIS Coordinator
- Offered introductory GIS training

2007

- Centralized GIS software
- Established GIS Advisory Committee

2008

- Published needs assessment
- Designed geodatabase

2009

- Pilot geodatabase
- Implement standards and policies

OSDH GIS Users

- 7 "power" users
- ▶ 60 new users
- Licenses:
 - 15 concurrent use licenses
 - A few special extensions and single use licenses



GIS Needs Assessment

- Conducted in-house
- Duration: October 2006 through July 2008
- Goals:
- 1) Identify current or previous use of maps
- 2) Identify and document mapping needs
- 3) Document need for centralized GIS system
- 4) Educate staff about GIS
- 5) Inventory software and data



Needs Assessment Stats

- 156 people interviewed
 - 152 OSDH staff
 - 4 outside agencies
- 330+ potential uses of GIS identified
- Extensive review and approval
 - GIS Advisory Committee
 - Health Informatics Council



GIS Advisory Committee

- Guidance and oversight for the GIS system
- Under the umbrella of the Health Informatics Council
- Workgroups include:
 - GIS Strategic Planning
 - GIS Standards and Policies
 - GIS Software Access and Utilization
 - GIS System Hardware Design
 - GIS System Geodatabase Design



OSDH Geodatabase

- Enterprise-level
- Design completed
- Data development in progress
- Next steps:
 - Server setup
 - Data loading and pilot testing



What will be in it?

- Geographic data, not program data
- Base mapping layers (over 100 layers)

 - Census tract boundaries locations
 - Zip code boundaries
 - Road lines
 - Physician office locations Hospitals
 - Legislative districts

- County boundaries
 Long term care facility

 - Schools and school districts

 - Libraries

Purpose of the Geodatabase

- Provide central location for geographic data to:
 - Reduce redundant storage of geodata, save disk space
 - Encourage use of consistent, up-to-date geodata; enforce data standards
 - Remove geocoding burden from program staff
 - Control/QA of data access and editing
 - Document metadata



Strategic Planning

Suiding the enterprise GIS

Strategic Planning

- Mission and Vision
 - Drafted, in review
- SWOT Analysis
 - Drafted and reviewed, due for review again
- Goals
 - 1-year goals drafted and in review by workgroups
 - 3-year goals drafted
 - 5-year goals drafted

Vision and Mission

Vision: Geographically enhanced public health data

Mission: To centralize, coordinate and support GIS efforts within OSDH for effective mapping and spatial analysis

SWOT Analysis - Strengths

- GIS Coordinator hired
- Many GIS Users already
- Good GIS software access
- GIS Users Group in place, meets monthly
- Support/interest for web mapping projects
- Legislative interest
- Access to training (internal training developed and implemented)
- Networking GIS Day and participation in the larger OK GIS community
- Collaboration with other State Agencies
- Some financial support in place
- Data confidentiality standards in place
- Standard map templates developed and implemented
- Needs assessment completed
- GIS Advisory Committee in place, meets quarterly with motivated workgroups



SWOT Analysis - Weaknesses

- Separation from IT, limited server access
- Lack of understanding at OSDH of what GIS is and how it can be used
- No current GIS standardization
- Lack of policies
- Budget limitations no specific GIS budget
- Varying levels of buy-in
- Lack of QA, future QA will be labor intensive
- Current equipment might not support expansion
- Not all users are trained



SWOT Analysis - Opportunities

- GIS can help target prevention/programmanagement efforts, target agency dollars
- Continued collaborations with other agencies
- Interest to support user expansion
- Interest and need for GPS data acquisition
- Benefit outside agencies, reciprocate with data providers/reporters
- Increase staff
- Demonstrate cost-benefits, especially fleet management

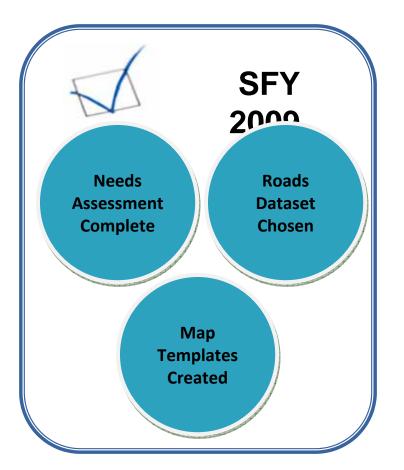


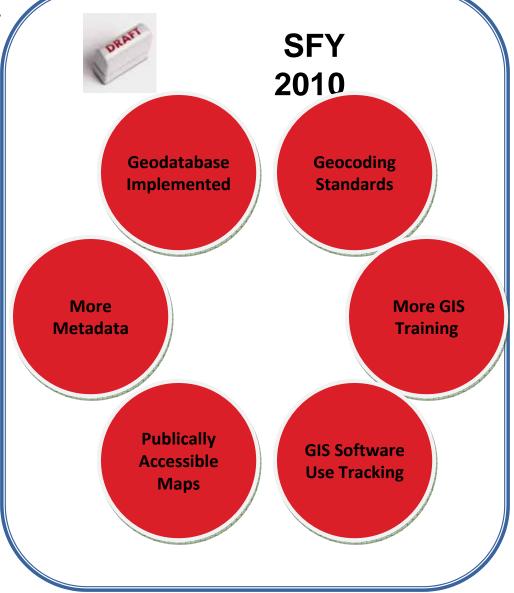
SWOT Analysis - Threats

- Budget limitations
- New commissioner, potential for change
- IT infrastructure, potential for reorganization
- External job opportunities for GIS professionals could interfere with staff retention
- Usage prior to policy/standards implementation, un-checked growth
- Lack of confidence in data and GIS products
- High demand for GIS products with limited resources



Goals - 1-year/





Goals – 3-year



SFY 2010 - 2012

GPS Units Used GIS Training -Formats

State GI Council

GIS Technician

Multiple GIS Presenters Map Function in OK2SHARE

Servers Evaluated Web Map Available to Public



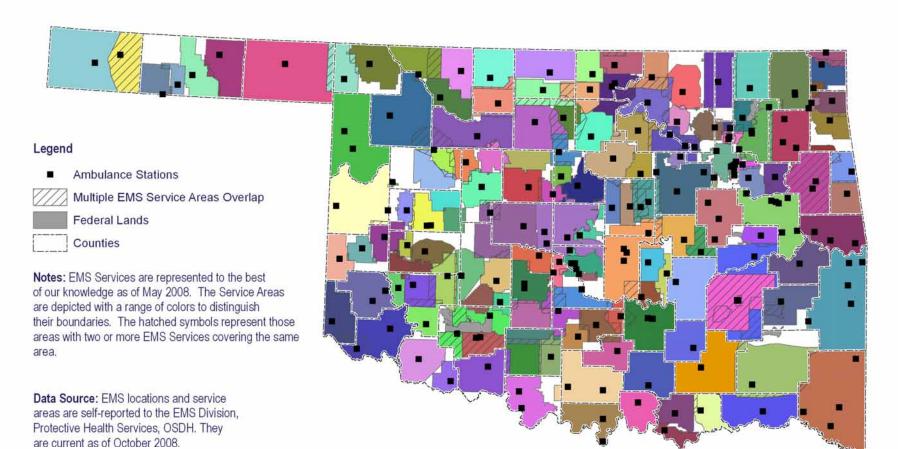
Goals – 5-year



Our GIS Work

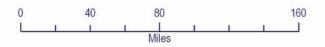


EMS Services in Oklahoma



Created: 03.26.2009

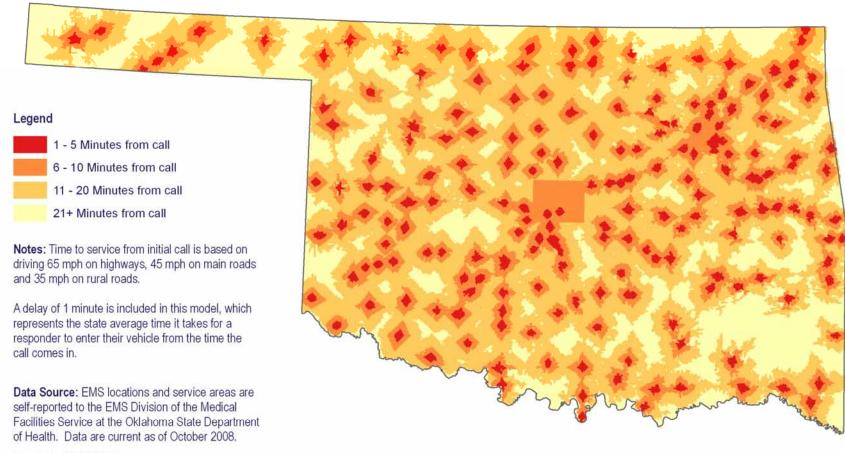
Projection/Coordinate System: USGS Albers Equal Area Conic





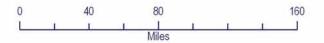


Oklahoma EMS Coverage Based on Time-to-Service



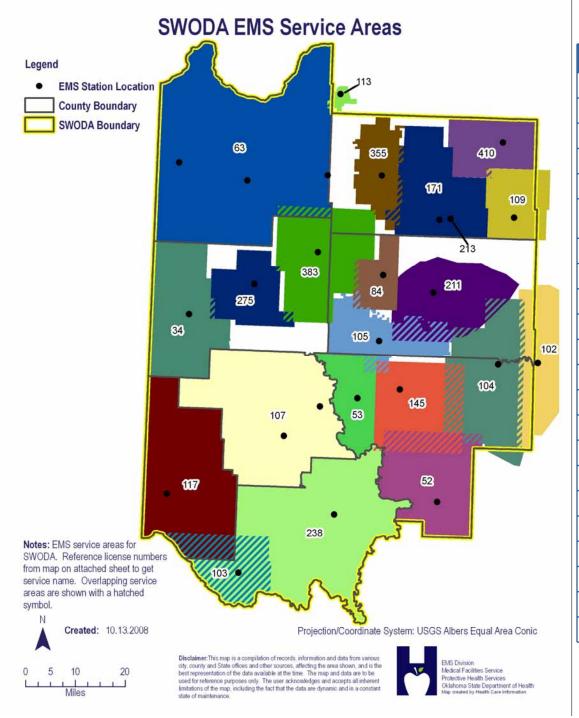
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Projection/Coordinate System: USGS Albers Equal Area Conic









License #	Service Name
34	Erick Ambulance
52	Kiowa County Dist 3 EMS
53	Lone Wolf Community Ambulance
63	Roger Mills Ambulance
84	Burns Flat Ambulance
102	Carnegie Tri-County Municipal Hospital
103	Eldorado EMS - 103
104	Mountain View Gotebo Amb
105	Sentinel City Ambulance Service
107	Greer County Special Ambulance
109	Sinor EMS - Weatherford
113	Leedey Ambulance
117	SW Oklahoma Ambulance Auth
145	Sinor EMS - Hobart
171	Sinor EMS - Clinton
211	Cordell Ambulance
213	Cheyenne & Arapaho EMS
238	Jackson County EMS
275	Sinor EMS- Sayre
355	Butler EMS District
383	Elk City Fire Dept
410	Sinor EMS - Thomas

Senate District 16 EMS Locations and Time to Service



Notes: Time to service from initial call is based on driving 65 mph on highways, 45 mph on main roads and 35 mph on rural roads.

A delay of 1 minute is included in this model, which represents the state average time for a responder to enter their vehicle from the time the call comes in.

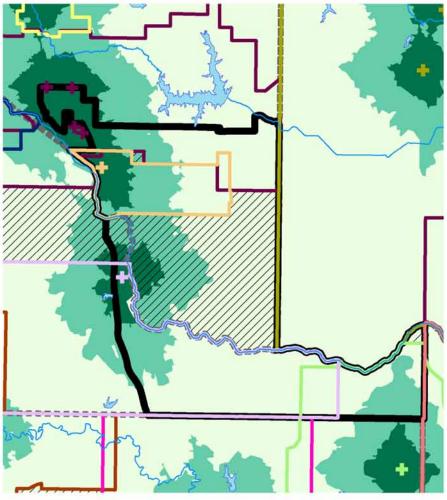
Data Source: EMS locations and service areas are self reported to the EMS Division, Protective Health Services, OSDH.

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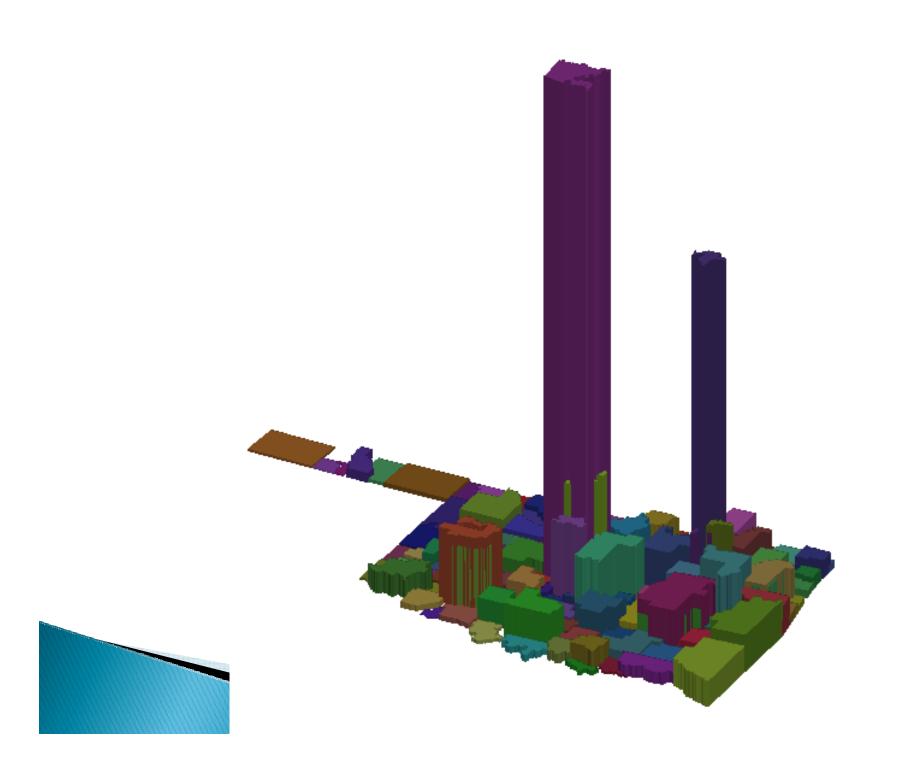
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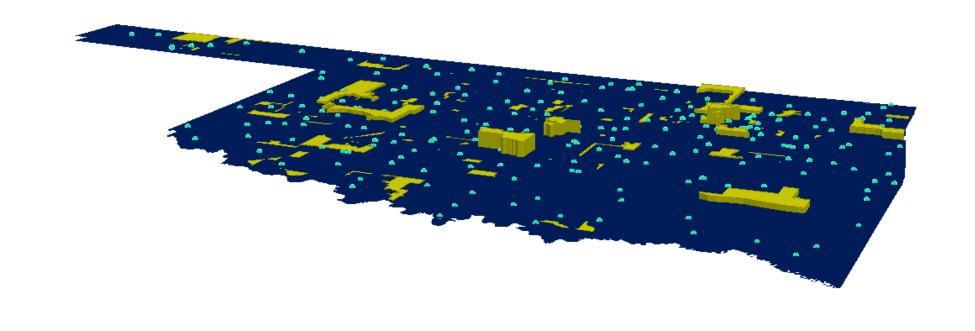


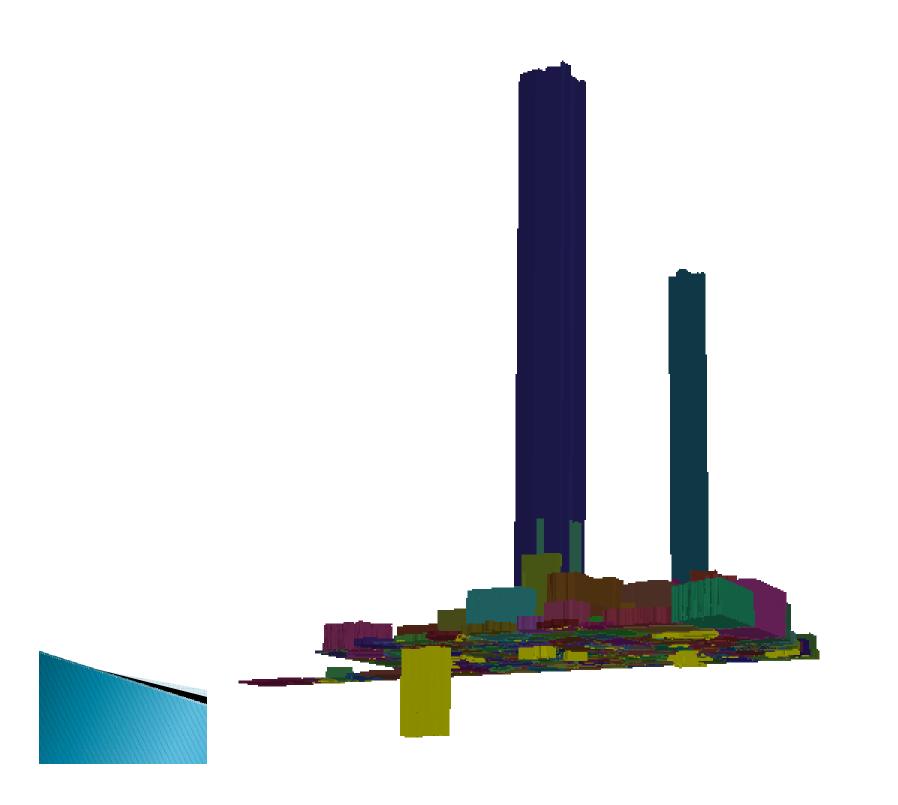




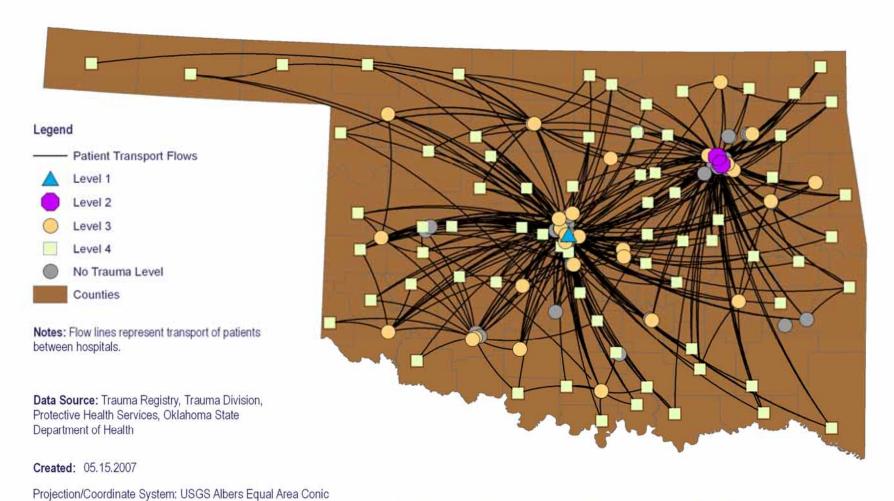








General Flows of Trauma Patient Transports between Oklahoma Hospitals, 2005

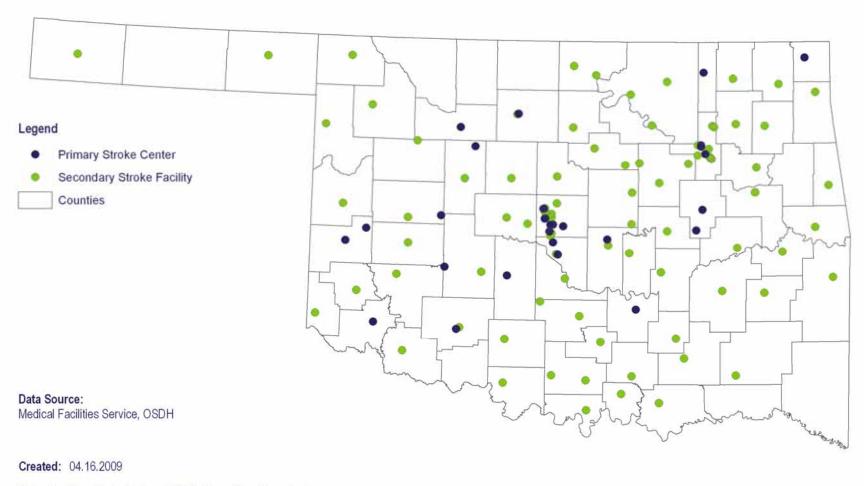


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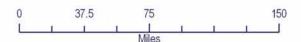
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Primary Stroke Centers and Secondary Stroke Facilities in Oklahoma April 2009



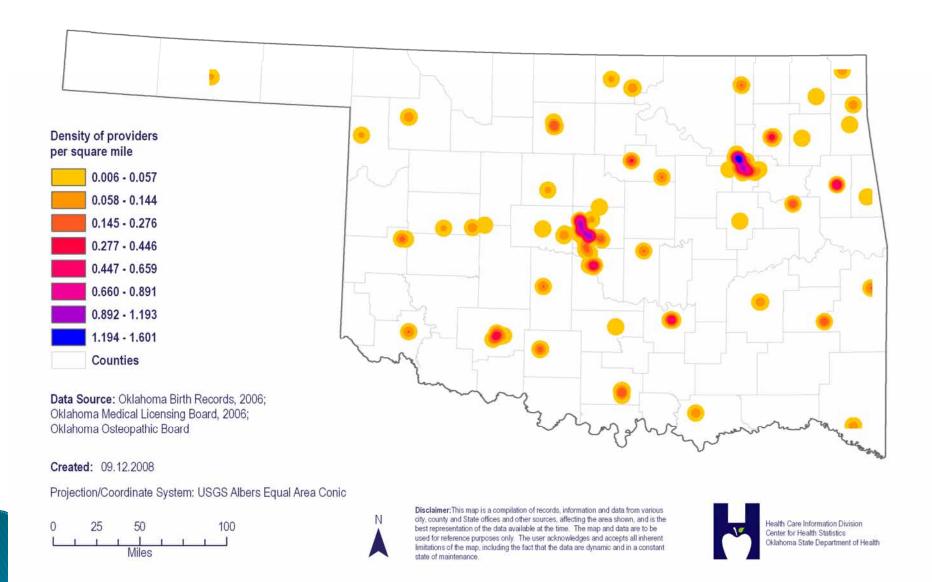
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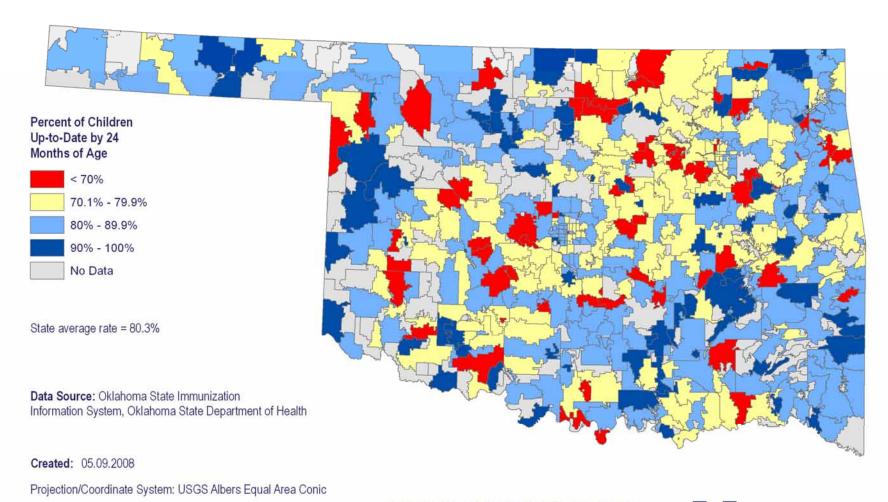




Density of Birth Attendants - Physicians and Midwives Oklahoma, 2006



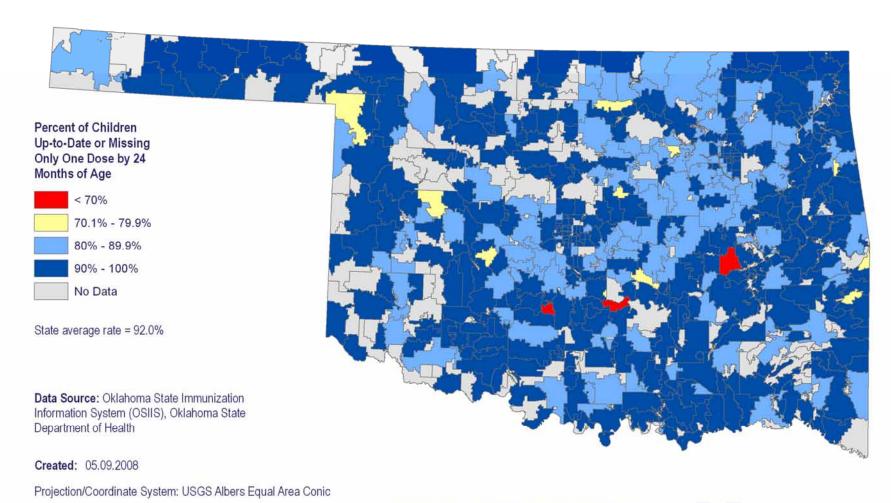
Oklahoma 4:3:1:3:3 Coverage Rates by Zip Code, 2005 Birth Cohort



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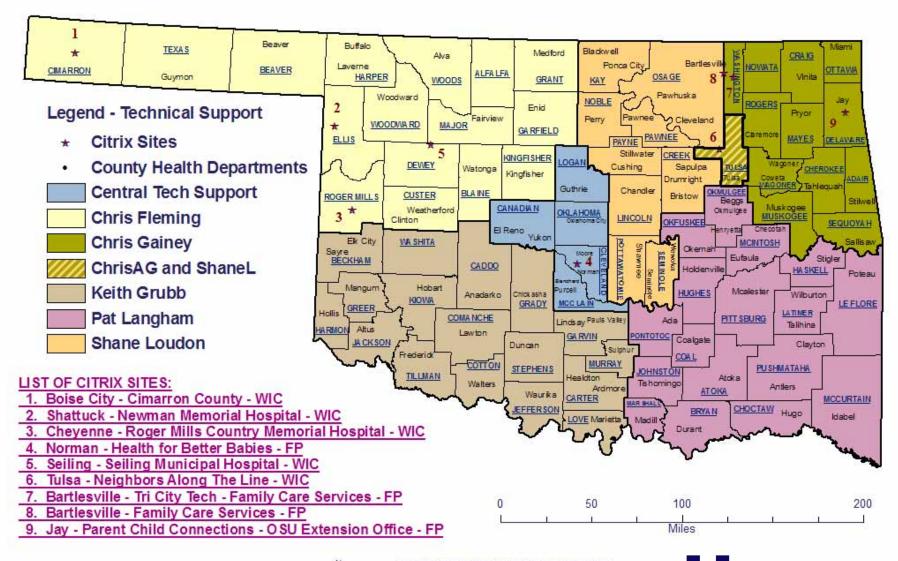


Oklahoma 4:3:1:3:3 Zip Code Level Immunization Coverage by Doses, 2005 Birth Cohort





OSDH Information Technology Technical Support and Regional Map

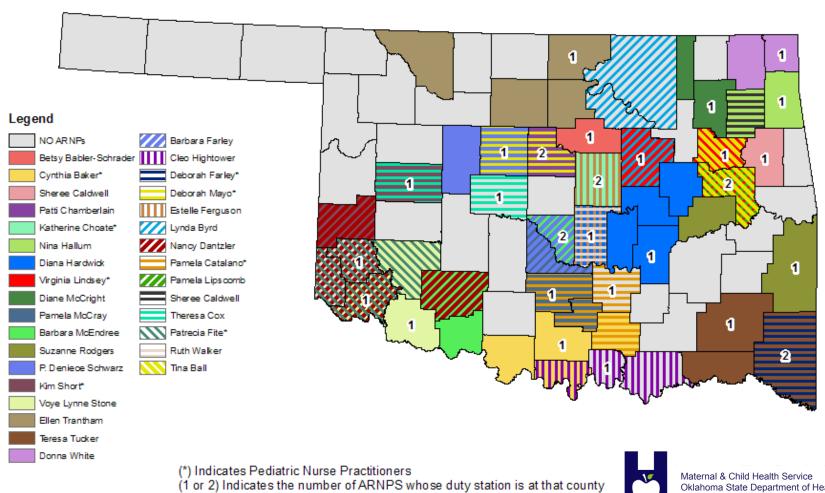


Data Source: Oklahoma State Department of Heath, Information Technology Services Technical Support and Regional Support



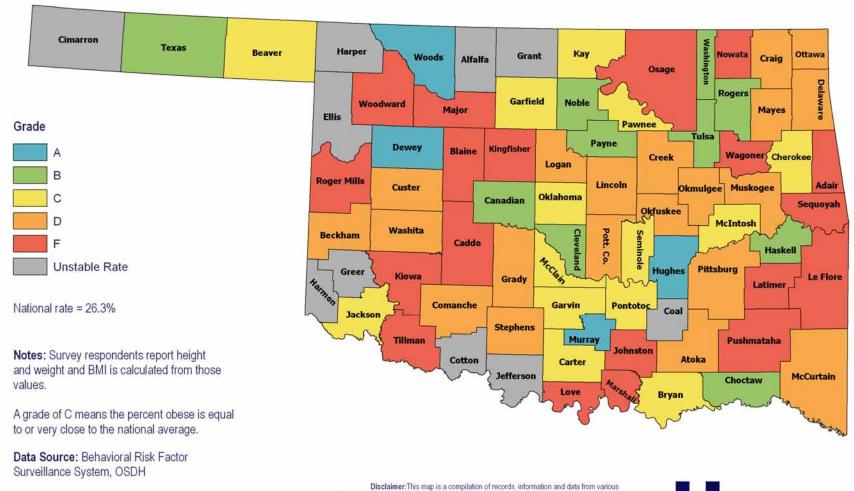


OSDH ARNPs in Oklahoma by County April 2009





Percent of Adults with Body Mass Index (BMI) Greater Than or Equal to 30.0 (Obese), 2004 - 2006



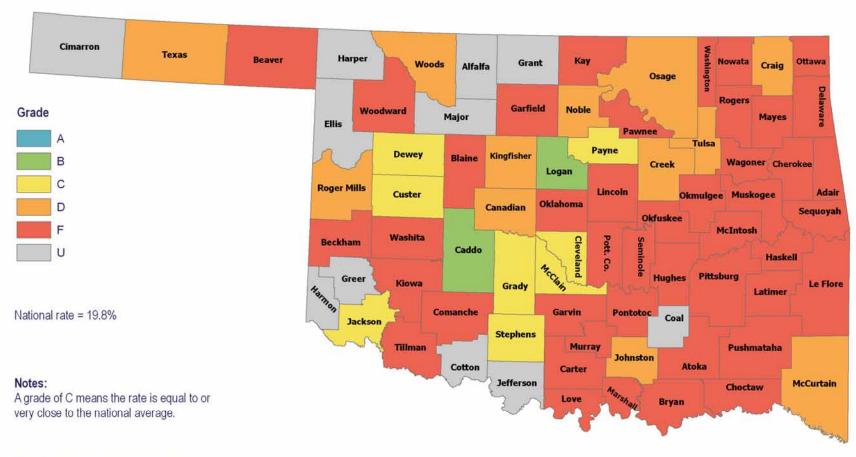
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Created: 12.05.2008

Projection/Coordinate System: USGS Albers Equal Area Conic



Percent of Adults Who Are Current Smokers, 2004 - 2006



Data Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, OSDH

Created: 11.07.2008

Projection/Coordinate System: USGS Albers Equal Area Conic





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